Early implementation and clinical outcomes from real-world use of injectable cabotegravir/rilpivirine (iCAB/RPV) at 8 US clinics participating in the ALAI UP Project

Nadia Nguyen, PhD, MSPH
On behalf of the ALAI UP team

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### **ALAI UP Team**

Columbia University Irving Medical Center / NewYork Presbyterian



Kerri Carnevale



**Delivette Castor** 



Jenna Eldib



Charlie Ferrusi



Southeast AIDS

Jenn Burdge



Albert Einstein

Bryan Kutner



Marilyn Blasingame

New York City

Department of



City University

Of New York

Liz Furuya



Esther Huang



Ben Lane



Kathrine Meyers



Nadia Nguyen



Cody Chastain



Mamta Karani



Sarit Golub



Coco Ni



Sarah Wiant



Jason Zucker



Ana Muscarella



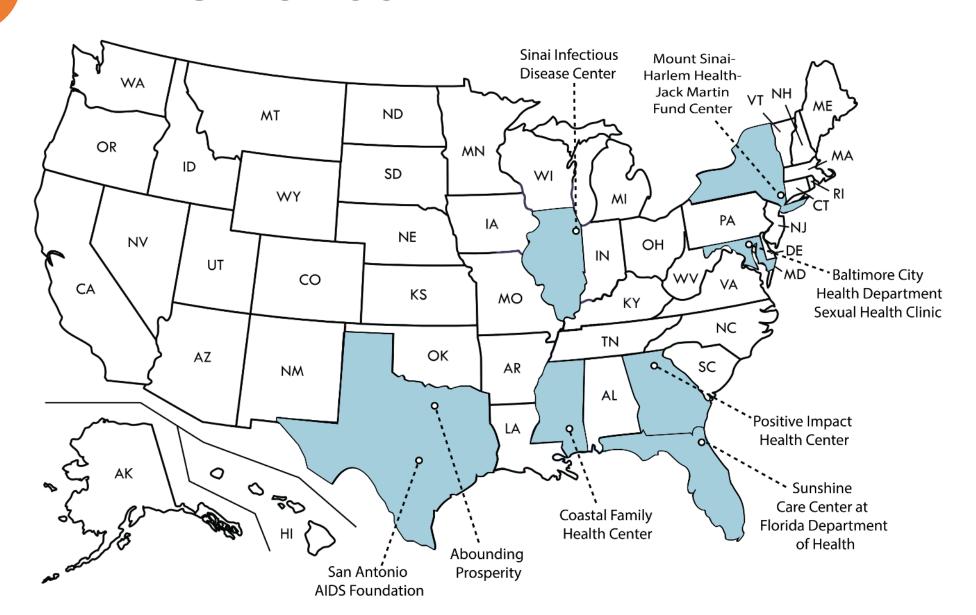
Moya Brown-Lopez

### No disclosures to report

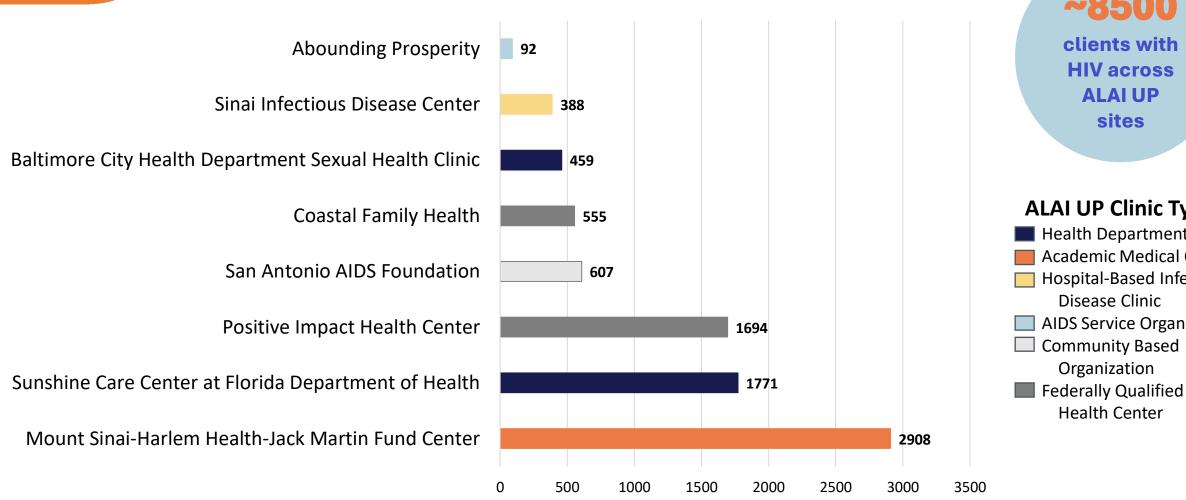
### Background

- The first long-acting injectable antiretroviral therapy (LAI ART), injectable cabotegravir/rilpivirine (iCAB/RPV), was approved by the FDA in 2021.
- Yet data from real-world use remains scarce and little is known about equity in access and use
- ALAI UP is a HRSA-funded SPNS project to accelerate the equitable implementation of LAI ARTs, starting with iCAB/RPV
- ALAI UP selected 8 diverse clinical sites and began supporting clinics in March 2023

### **ALAI UP Sites**



#### **ALAI UP Sites**



Number of Clients with HIV served March 2023-February 2024

clients with **HIV** across

**ALAI UP Clinic Types** 

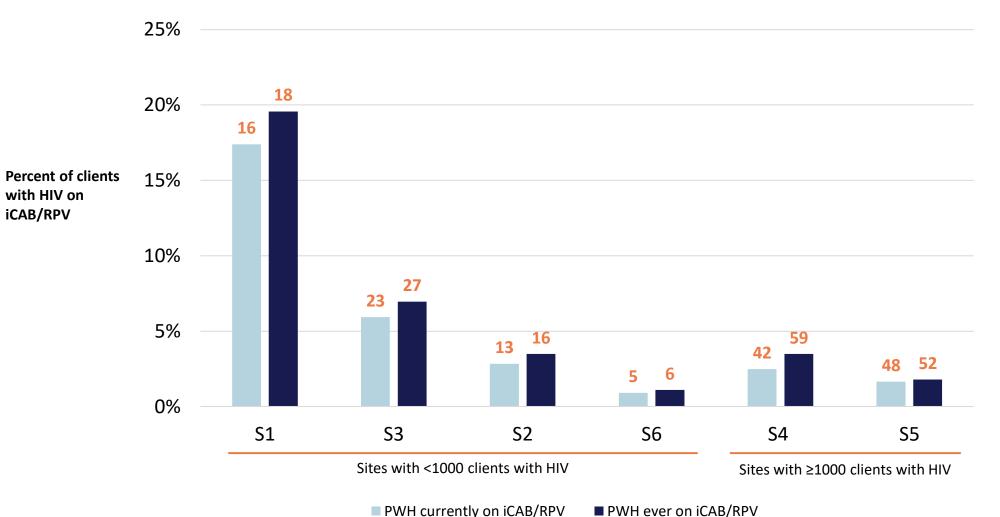
- **Health Department**
- **Academic Medical Center**
- **Hospital-Based Infectious**
- **AIDS Service Organization**
- **Health Center**

#### **Methods**

- ALAI UP and clinics co-developed a clinical monitoring process to measure reach, equity, fidelity, and safety
- Using client-level data, we report on the first 12 months of monitoring iCAB/RPV use at clinics participating in ALAI UP (March 2023-February 2024)

Domain	Question	Indicators	
Reach	How many clients have initiated iCAB/RPV?	•	Number and proportion of clients with HIV who have been initiated on iCAB/RPV
Equity	Which clients have initiated iCAB/RPV? Which clients have not?	•	The extent to which a clients' race, ethnicity, gender, and age are not associated initiation of iCAB/RPV
Fidelity	Is iCAB/RPV being delivered according to protocol?	•	Number and proportion of iCAB/RPV injections within 7 days of injection window
Safety	What are clients' outcomes after they initiate iCAB/RPV?	•	Number and proportion of clients with (1) VL<50 copies/mL, (2) 2 consecutive VL 50-200 copies, or (3) VL>200 copies/mL after initiating iCAB/RPV Number and proportion of clients discontinue iCAB/RPV for (1) non-clinical reasons, (2) clinical reasons, or are (3) lost to follow up

### Reach: Proportion of Clients with HIV currently on and ever initiated on iCAB/RPV at end of Year 1 (Feb 29, 2024)



**Clients with HIV across** 6/8 ALAI UP sites

**Clients with HIV** ever initiated on iCAB/RPV

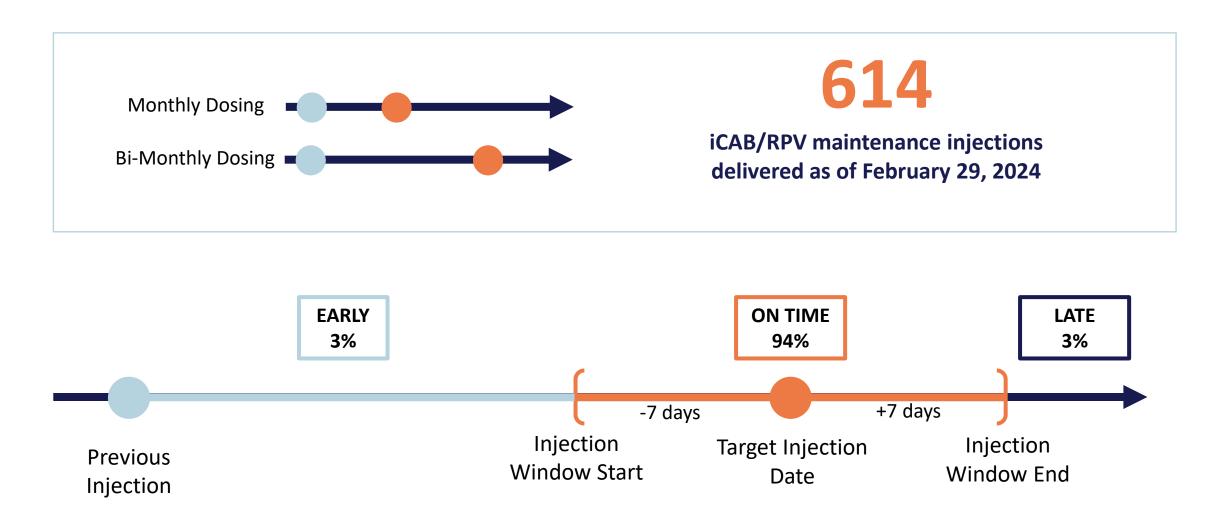
#### Reach: Clients ever initiated on iCAB/RPV

- Race: 73% Black, 13% White
- Ethnicity: 21% Hispanic/Latinx
- Gender: 71% Cisgender men, 21% Cisgender women, 5% Transgender
- Age: 84% age 30-65

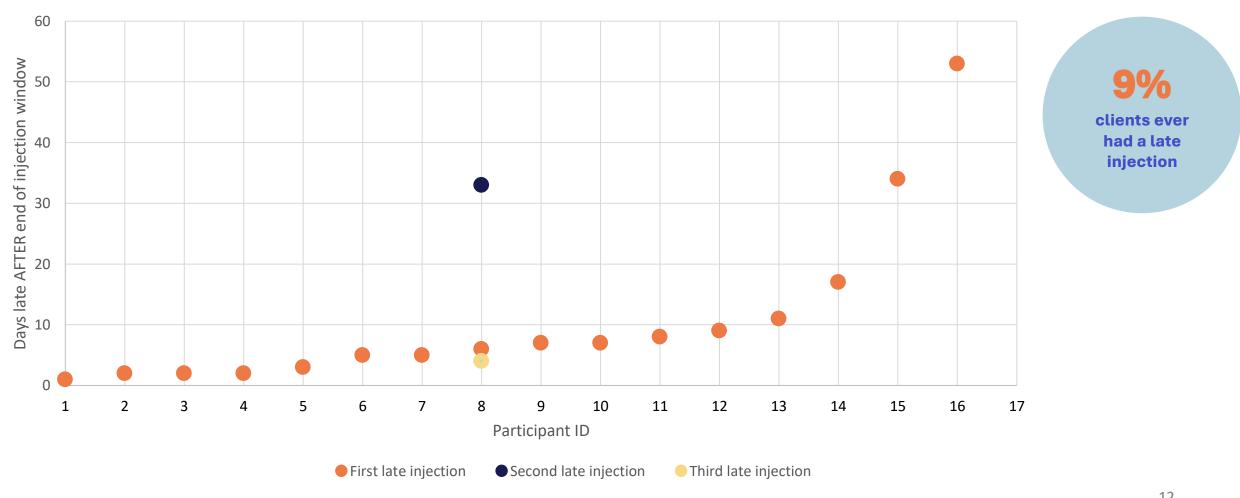
## Equity: Clients ever vs never initiated on iCAB/RPV by race, ethnicity, gender, and age

- Within clinics, race, ethnicity, gender or age were not associated with iCAB/RPV initiation
- Caveat 1: Other social determinants of health are important but not always measured in routine practice
- Caveat 2: Lower or higher iCAB/RPV initiation proportions in specific populations may reflect client preference not inequity

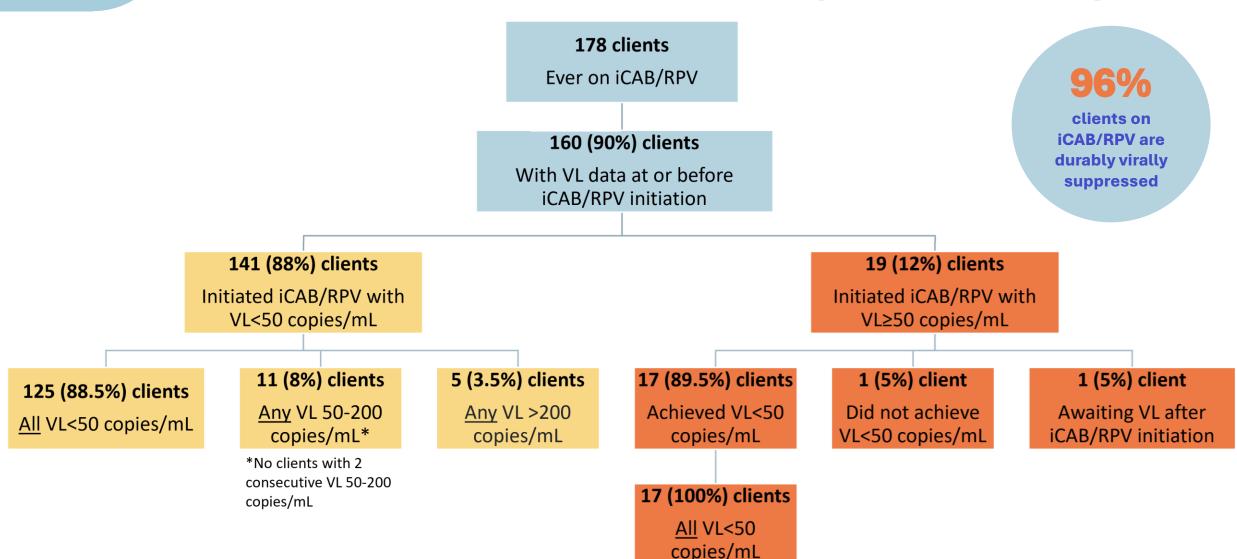
### Fidelity: On-time injections among clients ever on iCAB/RPB at end of Year 1 (Feb 29, 2024)



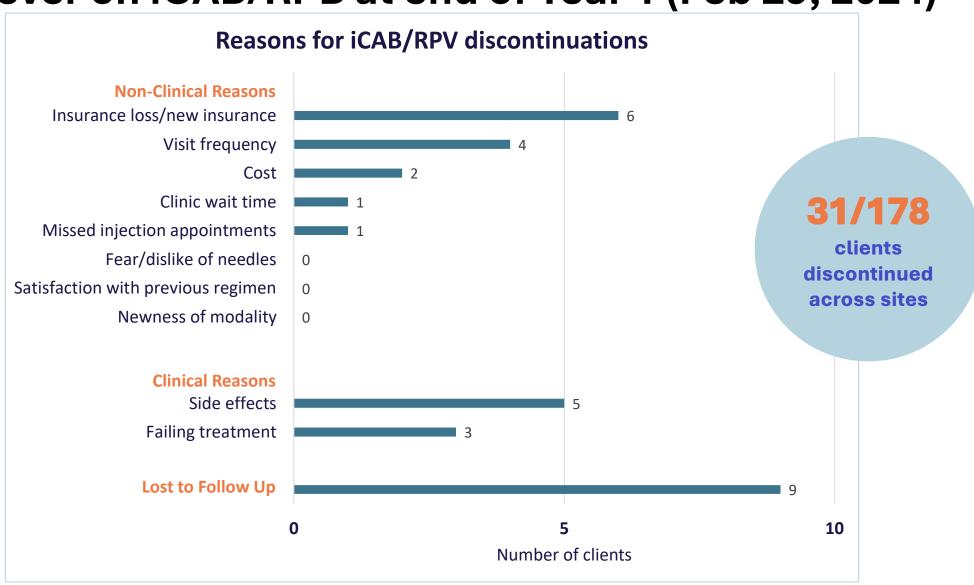
### Fidelity: Late injections among clients ever on iCAB/RPB at end of Year 1 (Feb 29, 2024)



### Safety: Viral suppression among clients ever on iCAB/RPV at end of Year 1 (Feb 29, 2024)



### Safety: iCAB/RPV discontinuation among clients ever on iCAB/RPB at end of Year 1 (Feb 29, 2024)



#### **Conclusions**

- iCAB/RPV reach after 1 year of ALAI UP support has been modest but matches early industry predictions. This may reflect significant, outer-context implementation barriers not addressed by ALAI UP.
- Among the clients who have initiated iCAB/RPV, the majority of injections were delivered on time.
- Nearly all clients on iCAB/RPV were virally suppressed, including clients who were initiated with VL ≥50 copies/mL.
- Loss of insurance coverage, visit frequency, and side effects were the most common reasons for planned discontinuation.
- The iCAB/RPV clients with low-level viremia, side effects, treatment failure, and clients who were lost to follow up warrant closer monitoring and investigation.

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The contents are those of the presenters and do not necessarily represent the official views of, nor an endorsement, by HRSA, HHS, or the U.S. Government. For more information, please visit HRSA.gov.

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