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TARGETS UPDATE

July 22, 2024 ▪ Munich, Germany

Country and City Case Studies: 10-10-10: *Using Social Enablers to Create Supportive Environments*

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UNIADS 10-10-10

- <10—<10—<10 for removing barriers to the establishment of supportive legal and policy environments, access to justice, gender equality and a society free of stigma and discrimination limiting access or utilization of HIV services

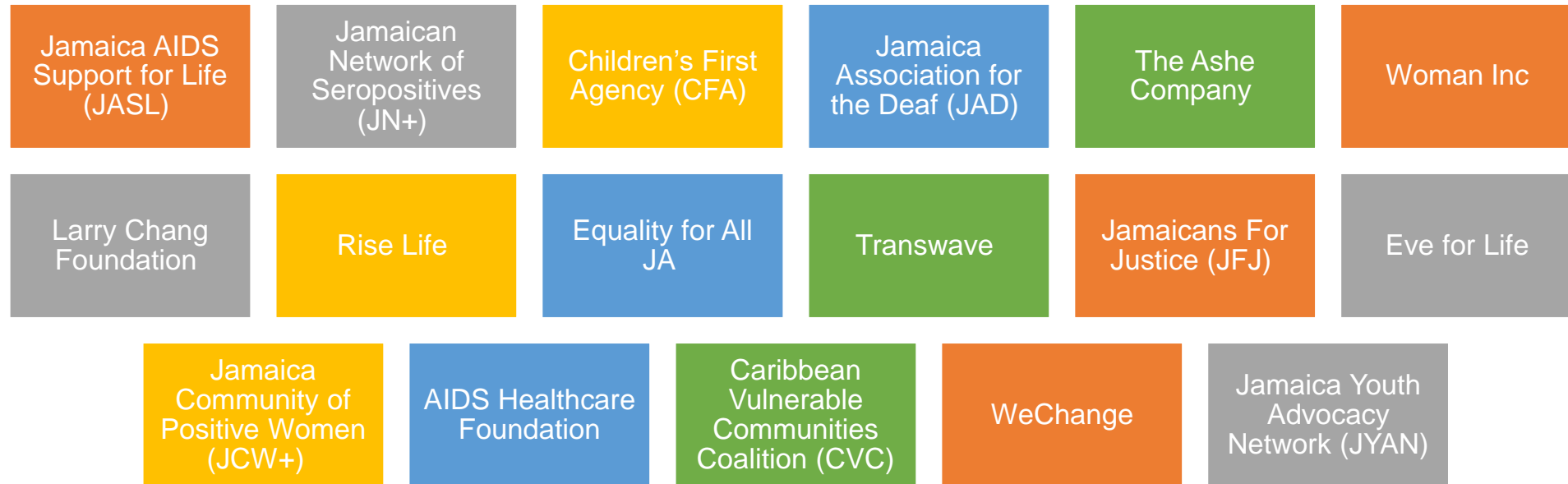
Social Enablers anchoring in SDGs

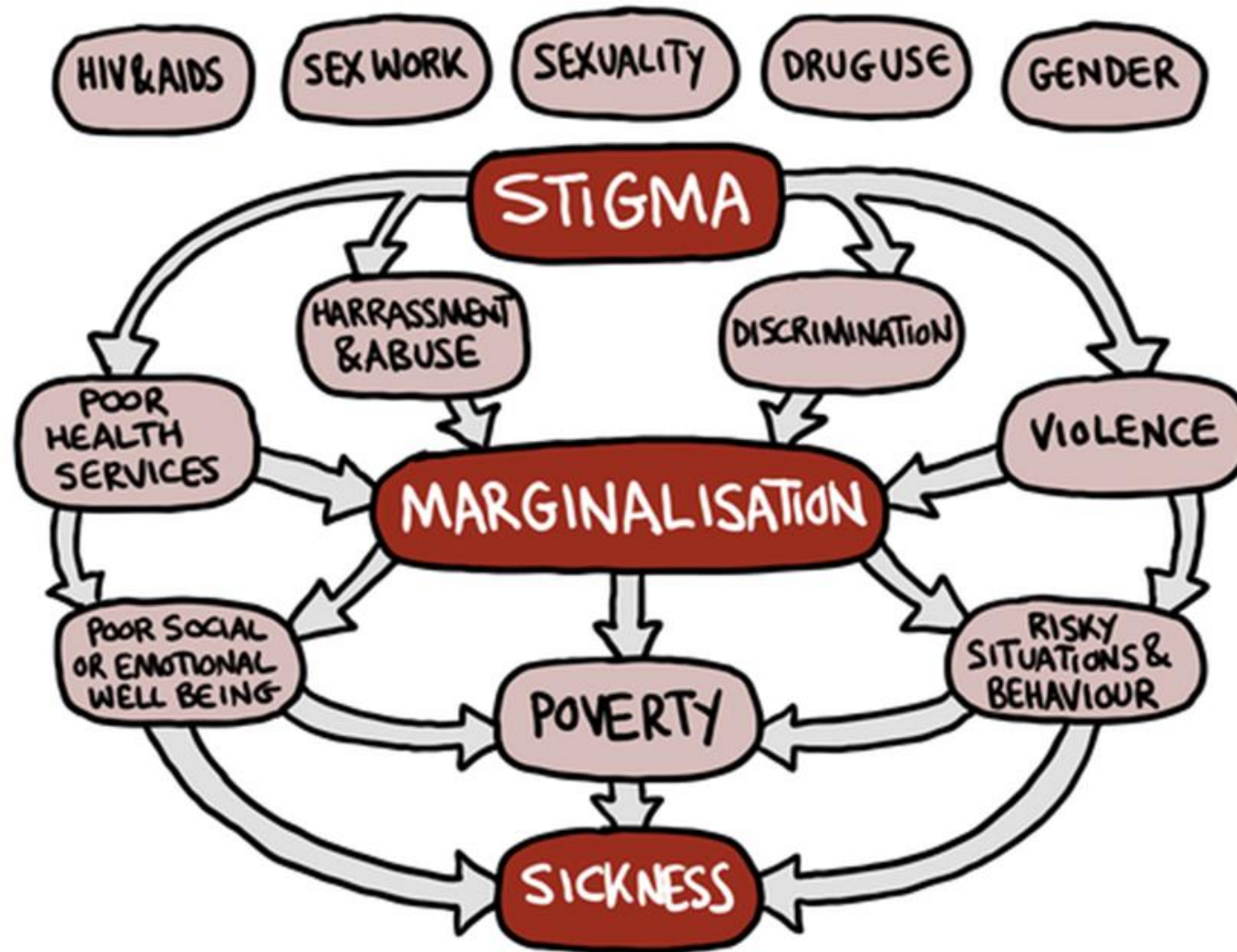
- No poverty
- Zero hunger
- Good health and Well being
- Quality Education
- Decent Work

Tied Maslow's hierarchy of need

- Base - Physiological need
 - Air, water, food, shelter
- Safety needs
 - Personal security, employment, resources and health

Civil Society Organizations





Stigma Index Findings

	Yes, Within the Last 12 Months		Yes, Ever	
	N	%	N	%
Experience any form of S&D due to HIV Status	183	33%	268	48%
Been aware of people other than family members making discriminatory remarks or gossiping about you	122	22%	189	34%
Been aware of family members making discriminatory remarks or gossiping about you	91	16%	152	27%
Been verbally harassed	86	15%	131	24%
Been refused employment or lost a source of income or job because of HIV status	30	5%	64	11%

Stigma Index Findings

	Agree	
	N	%
Agree with at least one of the following statements	296	53%
I feel Gulty because I am HIV Positive	234	42%
I feel ashamed because I am Positive	202	36%
I sometimes feel worthless because I am HIV positive	162	29%
Being HIV positive makes me feel dirty	150	27%

- Table 2: Agreement with indicators of internalized stigma due to HIV status (N = 557)

Stigma Index Findings

411 participants (74%) noted that they find it difficult to tell others of their HIV status, and 451 (81%) reported that they hide their HIV status from others.

Amongst those participants who sought out non-HIV health care within 12 months of the study, only 26% usually disclosed their HIV status to the health care providers.

One hundred thirty participants (23%) reported having ever experienced a violation of their human rights, 40 (31%, or 7% of all participants) of whom had experienced such a violation within the last 12 months.

Social Enablers - Community Empowerment

- Skills building and Educational grants
 - Increase Employability towards reducing dependency
- Entrepreneurship Grants
 - Training and Exposure to Business management
 - Support for starting and scale-up of businesses
 - Monitoring and tracking
- Short Term Housing
 - Emergency response

Social Enablers - Community Empowerment

- Food Security
 - Care Package Distribution
 - Nutrition Support tied to improved adherence and treatment compliance
 - Relationship with Corporate Sponsor
- Stipend Support
 - Increased access to services without worry about affordability
- Support for Diagnostic Testing
 - Improve health outcomes (Healthy workforce etc)

Social Enablers - Community Empowerment

- Community-Led Monitoring of service providers
- Social Assessments and linkage
 - Identify needs
 - Route to Service (Social inclusion etc)
 - PATH, NHF, etc
- Back to School Support
 - Support for Children Education
 - Impact cycle of poverty

Social Enablers- Gender Equality and Gender-Based Violence Prevention

- Women led Support groups and GBV capacity building sessions/workshops
- Mentor-moms programme
- Shelters and Safe houses for women experiencing GBV
- Establishing of 10 domestic violence intervention centres by the Jamaica Constabulary Force
- Income Generating Opportunities for Women
- Transwave – Trans-led NGO providing advocacy and social services

Social Enablers - Reduction of Stigma and Discrimination

- Community-Led Monitoring
- JADS – Report and Redress mechanism for HIV related Discrimination
- PLHIV Peer to Peer Programmes
- Legal Literacy Sessions
- Anti Stigma and Discrimination social and mainstream media campaigns
- Stigma Free Spaces (public and Private sector organizations outside of health)
- Access to Justice/Redress – JADS
- Legal services/representation - JFJ

Social Enablers - Protective Laws and Policies

- Service Excellence Policy 2022
- Amended Domestic Violence Act 2022
- The Sexual Harassment (Protection and Prevention) Act, 2021.
- Parliament Joint Select Committees submissions/presentations
- Meetings/Advocacy/Training with Parliamentarians and Local Government officials
- *Not much has been achieved in this area despite strong advocacy. Political will is dependent on the will of the “People”

Way Forward 10-10-10

- Investment in NGO and Community-led organizations
- Community Systems Strengthening needed
- Stronger political will needed for better protection under the law for communities - For example:
 - Pass a Comprehensive anti discrimination law,
 - Redefine rape in the Sexual Offences Act to protect all people
 - Develop a policy that defines gender inclusively in legal terms and reference that policy in all future policies.
- Stronger support for Litigation and legal actions

Thank you for
Listening

