

**THE GLOBAL BURDEN OF HIV**



Of the **>37 million** people living with HIV:<sup>1</sup> **17 million** are unaware of their HIV status<sup>2</sup>



**2 MILLION**

people are **newly infected** and **1.2 million** people **die from AIDS-related illnesses** each year<sup>3</sup>



Only **37%** of people living with HIV **are receiving treatment**<sup>4</sup>

**FAST-TRACK CITIES**



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Why cities? Cities are where epidemics are driven. The 200 cities most affected by HIV account for more than a quarter of PLHIV worldwide. In some countries, more than a half of PLHIV live in cities. Fast-tracking HIV responses in urban areas is crucial to ending the AIDS epidemic.

Fast-Track Cities' aim is to build upon, strengthen, and leverage existing HIV programmes and resources in order to accelerate locally coordinated, city-wide responses to:

**Increase** use of prevention strategies



**Reduce** discrimination and stigma to

**ZERO**

**Monitor** progress through a standardised approach to data generation, analysis, and reporting



**Diagnosed**

—



**On treatment**

—



**Virally suppressed**

Accelerating efforts to attain the UNAIDS 90-90-90 targets to end the AIDS epidemic by 2020<sup>4</sup>

**COLLABORATION TO ENHANCE FAST-TRACK CITIES**

ViiV Healthcare and the International Association of Providers of AIDS Care (IAPAC) are partnering to accelerate the Fast-Track Cities' efforts.



The collaboration focuses on accelerating local AIDS responses in 16 cities in 2016

The agreement will see the **increased generation of shared data** across the patient care pathway via a Fast-Track Cities web portal.



Focusing on two key areas to enhance the HIV infrastructure in these selected cities:

**Delivering technical assistance** to local health departments

**Facilitating consensus-building and coordination** among key local stakeholders

Fast-Track Cities was started through a global core collaboration between IAPAC, the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), United Nations Human Settlement Programme (UN-Habitat), and the City of Paris.

<sup>1</sup> UNAIDS. AIDSinfo: People Living with HIV. Available at: <http://aidsinfo.unaids.org/>. Last accessed: November 2015

<sup>2</sup> UNAIDS. AIDS by the numbers 2015. Available at: [http://www.unaids.org/sites/default/files/media\\_asset/AIDS\\_by\\_the\\_numbers\\_2015\\_en.pdf](http://www.unaids.org/sites/default/files/media_asset/AIDS_by_the_numbers_2015_en.pdf). Last accessed March 2016

<sup>3</sup> UNAIDS. 90-90-90: An ambitious treatment target to help end the AIDS epidemic. Available at: [http://www.unaids.org/sites/default/files/media\\_asset/90-90-90\\_en\\_0.pdf](http://www.unaids.org/sites/default/files/media_asset/90-90-90_en_0.pdf). Last accessed: March 2016

<sup>4</sup> Avert. Global HIV and AIDS statistics. Available at: <http://www.avert.org/professionals/hiv-around-world/global-statistics>. Last accessed: March 2016